



## MARKET OUTLOOKS

### GLOBAL FIXED INCOME

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#### **Sticking with a lower duration bias**

In the first half of 2014, global bond market performance aligned with a number of expectations we had going into the year. Both high-yield and investment grade corporate bonds performed well. Broadly speaking, emerging markets debt also did well in the first half, with currencies appreciating generally and economies including the Philippines and South Korea continuing to plug along with growth rates stronger than global averages.

The first half also brought two surprises. First, US Treasuries rallied, largely driven by US economic data stumbling out of the gate in Q1 and a flight to quality due to escalating geopolitical situations including Ukraine and Iraq. Second, European bonds rallied sharply, particularly in peripheral Europe. In our opinion this performance was not driven by fundamentals but rather by the hope of additional European Central Bank (ECB) stimulus in Q1 and the realization of those hopes in Q2 with the ECB's announcement of unprecedented measures including a negative rate on ECB bank deposits and a record low benchmark interest rate. We continue to believe that economic data, though it is broadly improving, does not warrant the valuations we have seen in these peripheral markets.

Taking a closer look at the second quarter, the major theme was low volatility as markets slowed in large part due to the lack of central bank divergence globally. Economic data in China began to show signs of improvement, as disinflationary pressures eased. Global bond markets performed well late in Q2, led by rallies in higher-quality, longer-maturity bonds. High-yield corporate bonds and investment-grade corporate bonds both performed well in the quarter as spreads tightened. Emerging market debt, including Mexico, Brazil and Korea, also had a good quarter. Conversely, detractors included shorter duration exposure as Treasuries rallied.

**Against a backdrop of rising Treasury yields and a steepening yield curve, we plan to maintain a lower duration bias over the year.**



Looking ahead, we expect Treasury yields to rise and the yield curve to steepen over the coming periods. Against that backdrop we plan to maintain a lower duration bias over the year. We also believe that corporate bonds, particularly **US high-yield corporate bonds**, will offer attractive returns in the coming months, generally driven by interest income earned rather than price appreciation. With the US economy showing signs that the recovery is on track and first-quarter weakness was only a temporary disruption, we will continue to look for companies in the high-yield space with the potential to outperform due to credit upgrades as they benefit from the improving economy.

In addition, we expect **emerging markets with better fundamentals and stronger economies, particularly those in Asia**, to offer attractive returns as those economies outperform global averages. Within these markets, we believe that Asia (ex Japan) currencies offer the most attractive relative opportunities, particularly versus currencies in economies with lower growth expectations such as Canada. In wider emerging markets, we see particular opportunities in **Mexican bonds** as a result of structural reforms taking place in the country.

In terms of potential risks, while we believe that Europe is beginning to emerge from a sustained economic downturn, we think the risk/reward metrics for **European government bonds** remain somewhat unfavorable.

Overall, we think that messaging from the Fed will be a key variable in the coming months. We think the language Yellen uses to shape market expectations on how the Fed plans to raise short-term interest rates after its tapering concludes will be the main driver for all asset classes for the remainder of the year.

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